most beautiful market house with an elegant ball and I tion about 400.

wards of 20007. The Company have also creeted six news room over it, and a good town clock. Since similar schools on different parts of the estate. In 1323 a large handsome Presbyterian meeting house, built of hewn stone, at a cost of 30007, was church, of which the Rev. Francis Jervais is the pregratuitously presented to the congregation by the said proprietors, who have also creeted a large and commodious in and dispensary, and between these a market or fair on the 21st of every month. Popula-

POST OFFICE.—Post Mistress, Miss Ashmore. The Dublin mail is despatched at twenty-five minutes past eleven in the morning, and arrives at twenty minutes past eleven. A by-post to Cookstown at twenty-five minutes past eleven in the morning, and another to Magherafelt at two in the afternoon. Letters for England go by Dublin, for Scotland by Donaghadee.

GENTRY AND CLERGY.

Cunningham Wm. L. esq. Spring hill; Jervais Rev. Francis, Rector, Cros-; Moore Rev. Wm. Rashfield Gibson Robert, esq.

nerea Mir w Rowley, esq.

Simpson Lieut, Pobt. H. P. Caltrim

MERCHANTS, TRADESMEN, &c.

PROFESSSIONALI GENTLEMEN.

M'Gaugh Wm. surgeon, R. N. M'Kee Alexander, surgeon to the Boyle Wm. grocers & flour dealer dispensary Calw A Robt, woollen draper Patchell John, surgeon, R. N.

Carson William Henry Nathi, Drapers' Arms Inn-M Conkey Robert M'Kean Alexander Richey James

SHOPERSPERS, TRADERS &c.

Bowen Thos, carpenter & builder Harkness Wm. grocer INNKEEPER & PUBLICANS M'Corry Robert, grocer & publican Malver Joseph, spirit dealer Reilly Wm. saddler & harness maker

Richey Samuel, grocer Scott Juo. grocer & woollen draper Goods may be conveyed to any part of Scott Mary, yarn buyer Goods may be conveyed to any part of the kingdom, by hiring Cars.

Simpson John, grocer and earthen. ware dealer

The Union Day Couch goes from Ma-chemicle, distinct four reflex, to Bellast, ever. Monday, Wedesday, and Friday morning, at seven, and returns on Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at sight in the course. eight in the evening.

MOY AND CHARLEMONT.

MOY is a small post and fair town in the county of Tyrone, 68 miles north west of Dablin, 2 from members to the Irish Parliament; it is still a corpo-Blackwatertown, 43 south east of Dungannon, 55 north of Armagh, 21 north west of Newry, and 32 south west of Belfast. In 1819 a handsome stone church was erected, with an elegant square tower; the Rev. James Wilson, D. D. is rector. Here are also an Independent meeting house, a Methodist preaching house, and at Gorestown, a mile distant, is the parish chapel. On the first Friday in every month Moy holds one of the largest fairs in the north of Ireland, particularly for horses and cattle. The

population is about 200, CHARLEMONT is a small but strongly garrisoned town in the county of Armagh, divided from May by the Blackwater river, over which is a neat stone bridge of five arches; this river is navigable from Lough Neagh to Blackwater-town, for fighters of from 50 to 60 tons, and thus forms a communication with the Belfast and Newry canals. Previous to the ber. The population is about 300.

burgesses; the present portreeve is William Byers, esq. The fort or garrison was established in the year 1602, by Lord Charles Mountjoy, at that time Lord Deputy of Ireland. It is memorable for having made a noble defence, conducted by Sir Teague O'Regan, in the early part of the year 1699, though on the 12th of May in the same year it was obliged to surrender with only 800 men besides women and children. The first governor of Charlement was Captain Toby Caulfield; the present governor is General Sir John Doyle. Here are a small Methodist chapel, and a Sunday school. The manufacture of linen is considerable, and gives employment to upwards of 1500 persons in the town and neighbour-hood. A market is held every Saturday, and there are fairs on the first of May, and the 1st of Novem-

POST OFFICE, Moy.—Post Mistress, Mrs. Eliza Dunne. The Dublin mail is despatched at five in the afternoon, and arrives at nine in the morning. The Beliast mail arrives and departs with the Dublin mail. Letters for England go by Dublin, for Scotland by Belfast.

GENTRY AND CLERGY.

Greer Joseph, esq. Grange-house

Atkinson Robert, esq. Green-hall Blacker Rev. Wm. Baragh Brown Rev. William Carpendale Rev. Thos. Killiman Caulfield Mrs. Caulfield Major James E. Grangehouse Caulfield Thos. esq. Culkeran

Clarke Walter, esq. Gilmore John, esq. Brooklands

Greer Mrs. Greer Thos. esq. Roan-hill Harpur William, esq. Hogg Jonathan, esq. Redford Johnston Lieut. Galbraith H. P Derrygally Joyce Thos. esq. Clenmore M'Cleland Lieutenant Robert

Gilmere Joseph, esa. Ligrone

Molesworth A. N. esq. Fairlawn Montague Rev. John Richardson Rev. Charles Richardson Wm. esq. Shaw Thomas, esq. Waller Colonel Charles Wilford Lieut, John, H.P. R. A. Wilson Rev. James, D. D. Rector Vernor Col. Wm. Summer-island

MERCHANTS, TRADESMEN, &co.

PROPESSIONAL GENTLEMEN.

Hunter Wm. surgeon King Thomas, surgeon

PUBLICANS

Bates Samuel Cascy Thomas Devlin Edward Dobson John Fox Judith Hughes James Jackson Thomas

Jamieson John, innkeeper White James

SHOPKERPERS. TRADGRE, &c.

Armstrong Eliza, milliner and has Woreland Viexr, grocer and fallow berdasher Casey Francis, wrocer Crossay Patrick, grocer & publican Taylor Roo et, grocer & men map Fallon Joseph, grocer and tallow Tombison Win beauer cutter

Goodlatte David R. wooden draper

Green David, parish cierk Lestie Win, green and publican McClintock battue I, grocer McCline Alexander, inder Martin Jas. R. timber and builders

chandler. Sloan Jacques, grocer & linen draper

Tomny Owen, grocer

CHARLEMONT.

William Byers, esq. Portreeve.

OFFICERS OF THE GARRISON.

Weir George, store keeper Grant Maximilian, clerk in the engineers' office

Nelson John C. check of the ordnance department | Smar Widham, clerk to the store keeper

MERCHANTS, TRADESMEN, &c.

MURCHARTS

Byers Jackson, clinen-Jackson John, (general)

PUBLICANS

Bennett Thomas Cullen Robert Lockhart William M^eKell James M^eKitterick John Manespy Owen

Thompson Robert Tobia Thomas

SHOPKEEPERS, TRADERS. &c.

Craig James, tailor Dickson Benj. saddler & harness men Heather Inol saddler&h one es millere Young William, grocer

COACE.

The Ro at Mrd. has no through Mov and Chancemont, from Dulton to 17 ngan-non, grow once by at agree, and ce-forms from folingamon to Dubta at diversa (b)

CARRIERS

NEWRY

and the second s

the county of Down, pleasantly situated on the New-ry-water in latitude 54° 10' north, and longitude 6° 167 west, 50 miles north of Dublin, 30 south by west of Belfast, and 14 and a half south east of Armagh. It is very ancient, and enjoys more privileges than any other town in the kingdom, and some of these are of a very singular description. In 1175 Maurice Mac Loughlin, King of Ireland, founded an abbey here to which great immunities and endowments were granted, and afterwards confirmed by Hugh de Lacy, Earl of Ulster, in 1237. The abbot exercised episcopal iurisdiction over the Lordships of Newry and Mourne, which authority is now enjoyed by the lay proprietor, who, among other privileges, grants marriage licences, probates of wills, letters of administration, letters of tutelage, and transacts the usual business of an ecclesiastical court, with as plenary and indisparable powers, as any other ecclesiastical court in Ireland. He appoints a vicar to discharge the ministerial duties, to whom he pays a salary; and as by virtue of his patent he enjoys all episcopal powers, which can be possibly vested in a layman, the vicar is responsible for his conduct to him alone, and is not amenable to either bishop or primate. No writs can he served by the sheriff within the limits of his jurisdiction without his concurrence. The present pro-prietor is the Earl of Kilmorey, who by virtue of this patent is entitled to the title's of the Lorship of Newry, and has the right of presentation to the rectory of Monrue. In 1543 the abbey was converted into a collegiate church for secular priests by Henry the eight, but it was totally dissolved by Edward the sixth, and with all its appurtenances was granted to Sir Nicholas Bagnell, marshal of Ireland, who converted the Abbey into a private residence, built some strong castles, repaired the town, and thus laid the R. C. B. of Dromore, who left 600% in the five per 407 sixth, and with all its appurtenances was granted to school, where acai 200 boys and girls receive a plain

Is a large and highly respectable scaport in foundation of its subsequent prospectly. The church situated on an eminence at the extremity of the town. was burned in the rebellion of 1641, but after the restoration it was partially remained. In 1985 the Duke of Berwick, to secure his retreat to Dundalk from the English forces under the command of the Duke of Schomberg, set fire to Newry and left it in a very destitute and ruinous condition. The old church, being neither conveniently situated, nor sufficiently large, a new one has lately been erected in a more eligible situation and on a larger scale. It is rather a handsome structure, in the Gothic style, with a tower and spire; bailt of excellent hewn granite procured in the neighbourhood of the town. The interior is very commodious and elegantly fitted up. having a good organ and several handsome monu-ments. The Presbyterian meeting house, in Highstreet, is a large and convenient building, the interior of which is particularly near; it has four galleries and cross aisies. In the burial ground is a beautiful monument raised to the memory of the Rev Andrew George Malcolm D. D. who was minister of this place for 14 years. There is also a adding house of Secolers of the associate synod in Charch-street, a Methodist chapel in William-street, and a newly creeted place of worship on Trevor-hii. The Catholic chapel situated on a vising ground at the extremity of Boat-street, is a large and well built house, with three galleries, and a spacious burial ground attached to it, part of which is the gift of the late Lord Kilmorey: it was built in 1789, and the inhabitants of Newry, of all religious denominations, contributed very liberally to its erection. Opposite to the chapel is the Catholic